

№ 67

## *Hastodontia hastata*

Figures 1–4

*Peniophora hastata* Litsch. 1928 [7 : 130] ≡ *Hyphodontia hastata* (Litsch.) J. Erikss. 1958 [1 : 104] ≡ *Kneiffiella hastata* (Litsch.) Jülich & Stalpers 1980 [5 : 133] ≡ *Grandinia hastata* (Litsch.) Jülich 1982 [4 : 36] ≡ *Hastodontia hastata* (Litsch.) Hjortstam & Ryvarden 2009 [3 : 49]

**Basidiome** effused, adherent, submembranaceous, up to 0.2 (0.3) mm thick.

**Hymenophore** reticulated or porulose to smooth and continuous, when old and fresh becoming shallowly tuberculate, white, cream, pale yellow, when dried sometimes with ochraceous spots or small patches.

**Subiculum** almost indistinct, looser, white.

**Margin** abrupt or shortly thinning out, pruinose to porulose.

**Hyphal system** monomitic; all hyphae with fibulate primary septa.

**Hyphae** distinct, regular, 2–3 (3.5) µm in diam., rarely with torulose or moniliform segments and then up to 5 µm wide, soon with thickening or thick wall, hyaline.

**Cystidia** of two kinds with intermediate forms, starting from subhymenial or basal hyphae: 1) subulate, 30–50 (60)×(3) 4–6 µm, with thickening wall excepting the apex, projecting up to 30 µm; 2) subcylindrical or torulose to moniliform, 40–50 (70)×3.5–6.5 (8) µm, thin-walled or with thickening wall toward the base, with homogeneous content, enclosed.

**Basidia** clavate to subcylindrical, sinuouse, with 1–3 constrictions, (15) 20–25×4–5 µm; 4 sterigmata up to 3 µm long.

**Basidiospores** ellipsoid to subcylindrical (5) 5.2–7 (7.3)×2.4–3.1 µm, Q = 2–2.8, smooth, thin-walled, mostly biguttulate; apiculus very small.

**Chemical reactions:** IKI–; CB: all elements more or less distinctly cyanophilous.

**Incrustation:** projecting cystidia with a drop of yellowish resinous material at top, observable in unsquashed water mounts, dissolving in KOH

and other media.

## Voucher specimens

SWITZERLAND — Ticino — Bignasco, Piano, on bark of a hanging, decayed branch of *Abies alba*, leg. E. Martini, 1.X.1994 (em-3811) — Bignasco, Piano di Sopra, on wood of a lying, decayed trunk of *Abies alba*, leg. E. Martini, 14.VIII.2014 (em-12232) — Blenio, Valle Santa Maria, Alpe Pertusio, on bark of a hanging, rather hard branch of *Pinus mugo*, leg. E. Martini, 27.VII.2010 (em-11177) — Broglio, Rima, on wood of a lying, hard trunk of *Picea abies*, leg. E. Martini, 29.VIII.1987 (em-1120) — Campo V.Maggia, Alpe di Sfii, on bark of a lying, rather hard branch of *Picea abies*, leg. E. Martini, 14.IX.2014 (em-12367) — Campo V.Maggia, Mòi, on bark of a lying, decayed branch of *Larix decidua*, leg. E. Martini, 7.IX.1986 (em-872) — Campo V.Maggia, Mott di Tirman, on wood and bark of a hanging, hard branch of *Larix decidua*, leg. E. Martini, 25.IX.1988 (em-2160) — Chironico, Motta di Gribbio, on wood of a lying, decayed branch of a coniferous tree, leg. E. Martini, 12.IX.1988 (em-2020) — Mondada, Gramusèd (Valle Bavona), on wood of a decayed stump of *Castanea sativa*, leg. E. Martini, 14.XI.1987 (em-1292) — Nante, Gif, on strongly decayed wood and bark of a coniferous tree, leg. E. Martini, 3.VI.1988 (em-1728) — Nante, Segna, on wood of a lying branch of a coniferous tree, leg. E. Martini, 2.VI.1988 (em-1713) — Oscio, Scioritt, on wood of a lying, decayed branch of *Pinus sylvestris*, leg. E. Martini, 4.VI.1993 (em-3496) — Sabbione, Dréom (Valle Bavona), on wood of a lying, hard trunk of *Abies alba*, leg. E. Zenone, 9.XI.1991 (em-3058) — Val Piora, Canariscio di Ritom, on wood and bark of a lying, strongly decayed branch of *Pinus cembra*, leg. E. Martini, 20.VIII.2010 (em-11218) — Val Piora, Larici di Campo, on wood of a lying, decayed branch of *Larix decidua*, leg. E. Martini, 26.VIII.1988 (em-2211) — Val Piora, Passo Forca, on bark of a hanging, rather hard twig of *Rhododendron ferrugineum*, leg. E. Martini, 11.IX.2010 (em-11319) — *ibid.*, on bark of a lying, decayed twig of *Vaccinium myrtillus*, leg. E. Martini, 11.IX.2010 (em-11320)

## References

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- [2] ERIKSSON, J. AND RYVARDEN, L. (1976). *The Corticiaceae of North Europe*, vol. 4: *Hyphodermella - Mycoacia*. Oslo, pp. 549–886
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- [4] JÜLICH, W. (1982). ‘Studies in resupinate Basidiomycetes VII’. *International Journal of Mycology and Lichenology*, 1 (1): 27–37
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Fig. 1: Basidiome. Image width = 24 mm [em-11218]



Fig. 2: Detail of a dried basidiome toward the margin. Image width = 9 mm [em-11177]

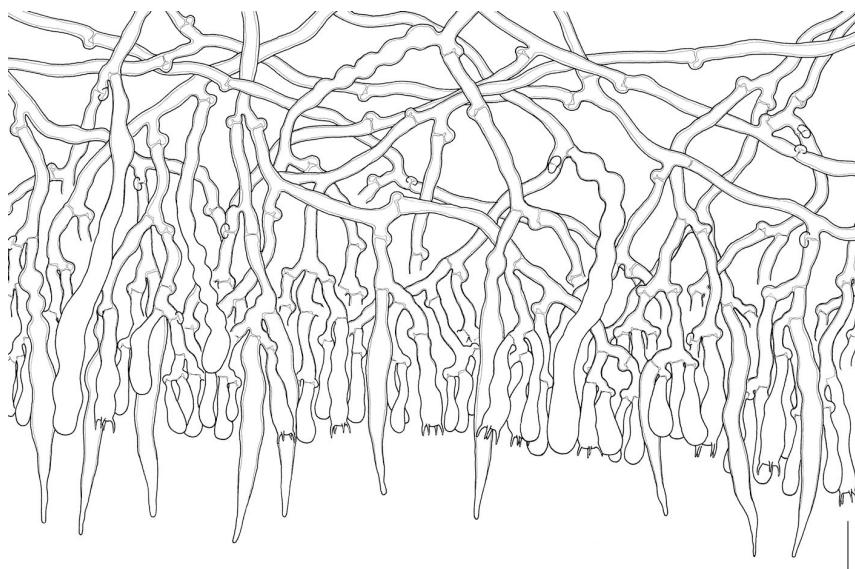


Fig. 3: Vertical section through the basidiome. Bar = 10 µm [em-2211]

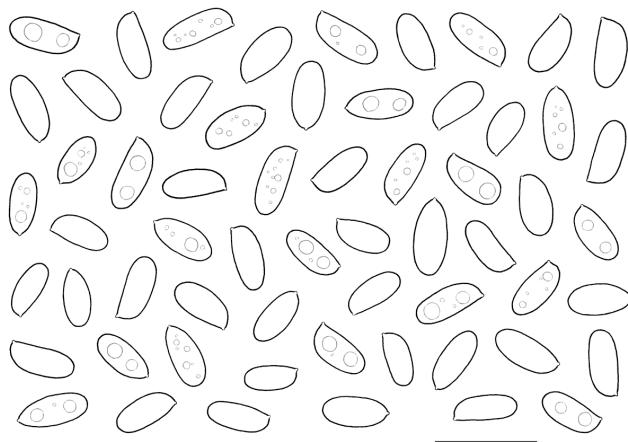


Fig. 4: Basidiospores from spore print. Bar = 10 µm [em-3811]



# Excerpts from *Crusts & Gels*

Descriptions and reports of resupinate Aphyllophorales and Heterobasidiomycetes

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