Descriptions and reports of resupinate Aphyllophorales and Heterobasidiomycetes

1st December, 2022

№ 162

$Tomentella\ kootenaiensis$

M.J. Larsen

Figures 1–6

Tomentella kootenaiensis M.J. Larsen 1975 [1:174] CFMR!

Basidiome effused, adherent, at first discontinuous, pruinose, porulose, tufted, rather soft, then continuous, tomentose relatively compact, rather firm in more developed parts, up to 0.2 mm thick.

Hymenophore at first porulose to granulose, becoming smooth or shallowly colliculose in some parts, greyish brown (10YR 5/(2) 3, some small becoming may turn dark brown to very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/3-2).

Subhymenium thickening, loose when young, compact in older parts. **Subiculum** almost lacking or indistinct, rarely present and very thin,

rusty to dark yellowish brown, differently coloured than hymenium.

Margin mostly fertile throughout, abrupt or indefinitely thinning out,

pruinose to porulose, tufted, concolorous with the fertile area, in some parts also discolour up to very pale brown (10YR 7/4).

Rhizomorphs absent.

Hyphal system monomitic; subhymenial hyphae with constantly fibulate septa; subicular hyphae mostly fibulate but with some segments with simple septa or obliterate clamps, and repetitive secondary septa.

Subicular hyphae normally few, sometimes difficult to find, regular and long-celled to sinuous, somewhat irregular, rather short-celled, often slightly inflating, 4–8 (10) μ m wide, with thick to solid wall, 1–2 (3) μ m wide, sometimes branching from clamps but normally at some distance from them, smooth, becoming ochraceous.

Subhymenial hyphae more or less regular, rather short-celled, (2) 3–5 (6) μ m wide, thin-walled subhyaline to light yellowish near the hymenium, with progressively thickening wall and more yellowish brown next to the substratum.

Cystidia absent.

Basidia slender, narrowly clavate, sinuous, 45–65 (80)×7–10 (11) μm,

subhyaline to very pale yellowish brown, secondary septa frequent; (2) 4 sterigmata, up to 8 μ m long and 1.5–2 μ m wide at the base.

Basidiospores with regular to slightly irregular-sinuous outline; lateral face ellipsoid to broadly ellipsoid with slightly flattening adaxial side; frontal face broadly ovoid to broadly ellipsoid; polar face globose; (7.5) $8-\underline{8.7}-10$ (11)×(6.3) $6.5-\underline{7.05}-8.3$ (8.6)×(6.8) $7-\underline{8}-9.2$ (9.5) μm , $Q^1=1.1-\underline{1.2}-1.3$ (1.4), $Q^2=1.04-\underline{1.11}-1.2$ (1.22), echinulate, not guttulate, with slightly thickening wall, light yellowish brown to yellowish brown, concolour with basal hyphae in mass.

Aculei single, almost evenly distributed, tapering, up to 1.2 (1.5) μ m long and 0.3–0.8 μ m wide at the base. Macrospores sometimes present, 12–15 μ m across, outline and ornamentation as normal ones.

Chlamydospores absent.

Incrustation: in some mounts (water and KOH) adhering bluish-greyish-blackish granules may be present in hymenium and subhymenium.

Chemical reactions: IKI—. KOH—. CB: many spores cyanophilous or with cyanophilous ornamentation; hyphae and basidia not or doubtfully cyanophilous.

Specimens examined

CANADA — Alberta — Nigel Pass, on wood of a decayed branch of hardwood, leg. M.J. Larsen, 15.VIII.1970 (CFMR MJL-4118) — British Columbia — Kootenay Nat. Park, Sinclair Creek, on wood of a lying, rather hard branch on charred wood, leg. M.J. Larsen, 4.IX.1970 (CFMR MJL-4416) — Kootenay National Park, Sinclair Creek, on wood of *Populus sp.*, leg. M.J. Larsen, 4.IX.1970, holotype of *Tomentella kootenaiensis* M.J. Larsen (CFMR: MJL 4452)

Materials and methods

Specimens sampling and methodological details are described separately in this issue: Excerpts from Proofs & Jells, n° 0

References

 LARSEN, M.J. (1975). 'Some new North American species of Tomentella'. Nova Hedwigia. Beiheft, 51: 171–175



Fig. 1: Detail of the hymenophore and margin; ex holotype of $T.\ kootenaiensis$. Image width = 9 mm [CFMR: MJL 4452]



Fig. 2: Detail of the hymenophore; ex holotype of $T.\ kootenaiensis$. Image width = 12 mm [CFMR: MJL 4452]



Fig. 3: Detail of the hymenophore. Image width = 9 mm [CFMR MJL-4118]



Fig. 4: Basidiome surrounded by $Amphinema\ byssoides.$ Image width = 9 mm [CFMR MJL-4118]

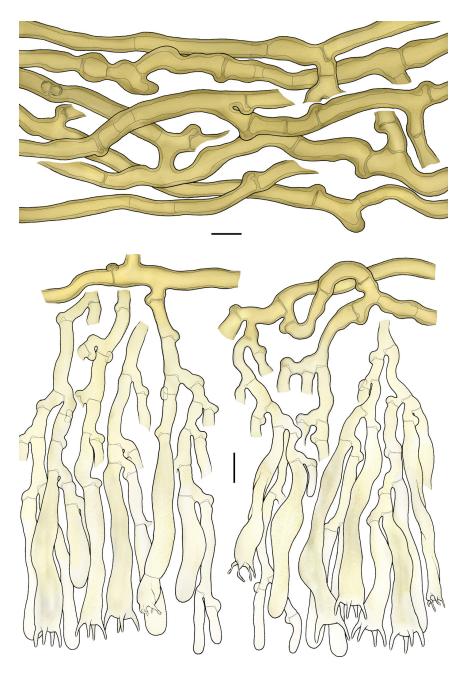


Fig. 5: Basidia, subhymenial and subicular hyphae. A) ex holotype of T. kootenaiensis B) and C) ex MJL-4118. Bar = 10 μm

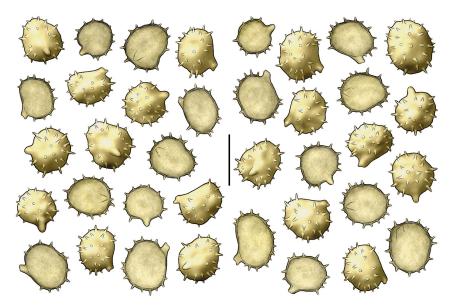


Fig. 6: Basidiospores: on the left side ex holotype of $T.\ kootenaiensis;$ on the right side ex MJL-4118. Bar = 10 μm



Excerpts from Crusts & Jells

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