

№ 115

***Piloderma fallax***  
(Lib.) Stalpers

Figures 1–5

*Sporotrichum fallax* Lib. 1832 [4 : 2 : no. 187] ≡ *Piloderma fallax* (Lib.) Stalpers 1984 [8 : 53]

= *Piloderma croceum* J. Erikss. & Hjortstam 1981 [1 : 1201] teste Larsen et al. [3]

= *Corticium bicolor* Peck 1873 [6 : 62] teste Larsen et al. [3] ≡ *Athelia bicolor* (Peck) Parmasto 1967 [5 : 379] ≡ *Piloderma bicolor* (Peck) Jülich 1968 [2 : 417]

**Basidiome** effused, separable, hypochnoid to submembranaceous, fragile when dry, up to 0.3 (0.5) mm thick.

**Hymenophore** at first discontinuous, pruinose, finely tufted, then becoming continuous, smooth, very thin, pelliculose, crustose and fragile when dry, and often more or less detachable from the subiculum, whitish to cream.

**Subiculum** distinct, byssoid to fibrose, yellow to dull yellow.

**Margin** normally sterile and indefinitely thinning out, araneose to fibrillose, rarely fimbriate.

**Rhizomorphs** normally present in subiculum, margin and cracks of the substratum, up to 0.1 (0.2) mm, often fasciculate in wider stands, soft and fragile, bright yellow to infrequently yellow-orange.

**Hyphal system** monomitic; all septa without clamps.

**Subhymenial hyphae** regular, 2–3 (3.5) µm in diam., soon relatively long-celled, often cross-branched, thin-walled, hyaline.

**Subicular hyphae** regular, (1.5) 2–2.5 (3) µm in diam., loosely arranged, branched at wide angles, often with simple or 1-septate anastomoses, with thin or slightly thickening wall, hyaline to light yellow.

**Rhizomorphs** simple, build up by hyphae like the subicular ones, more or less compactly arranged.

**Cystidia** absent.

**Basidia** clavate to subcapitate,  $13\text{--}16 \times 3\text{--}4$  (5)  $\mu\text{m}$ , hyaline; 4 sterigmata up to 3  $\mu\text{m}$  long.

**Basidiospores** subglobose to broadly ellipsoid, sometimes slightly ovoid,  $(2.5)\text{--}2.8\text{--}3.5$  ( $3.8$ ) $\times 2.2\text{--}3$  ( $3.1$ )  $\mu\text{m}$ ,  $Q = 1.1\text{--}1.5$ , smooth, with thickening wall ( $0.3\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ ), hyaline to pale yellowish, often with a large guttula.

**Chemical reactions:** IKI-. CB: hyphae and spores more or less distinctly cyanophilous.

**Incrustation:** almost all hyphae strongly encrusted by fine granular yellow(-orange) matter that dissolve almost completely in KOH and, as a rule, coarsely encrusted by up to 7–10  $\mu\text{m}$  long acicular or bi-tailed needle-like ('UFO-like') pale yellow crystals that doesn't dissolve with KOH, often mixed with some granular, irregularly prismatic, rhomboid or rod-like crystals.

## Voucher specimens

FRANCE — **Jura** — Bonlieu, lac de Bonlieu, on wood of a lying, strongly decayed branch of a coniferous tree, leg. E. Martini, 15.IX.2012 (em-11834) — Vicques, on wood of a lying, decayed trunk of a coniferous tree, leg. E. Martini, 30.IX.1993 (em-5392) — **Lorraine** — Philippsbourg, Forêt domaniale de Hanau 3, parcelle H254, on wood of a lying, decayed branch of *Picea abies*, leg. E. Martini, 27.X.2009 (em-10948)

ITALY — **Trentino-Alto Adige** — Piné, Laghestel, on bark of a lying, decayed trunk of a coniferous tree, leg. E. Martini, 19.IX.1997 (em-6162)

SWITZERLAND — **Ticino** — Ascona, Monte Verità, on ferns, leg. E. Zenone, 11.II.1993 (em-3462) — Beride, on bark of a lying, hard trunk of *Castanea sativa*, leg. E. Martini, 15.IX.1988 (em-2012) — Bignasco, on wood of a lying, decayed branch of a deciduous tree, leg. E. Martini, 9.XI.1986 (em-736) — Broglie, Rima, on wood of a lying, decayed branch of *Fagus sylvatica*, leg. E. Martini, 23.V.1987 (em-1006) — Cardada, on bark of a lying, hard twig of a deciduous tree, leg. E. Martini, 6.VI.1987 (em-1048) — Fusio, Fontanalba, on lying, hard burnt wood of a coniferous tree, leg. E. Martini, 17.VIII.1985 (em-364) — Golino, on strongly decayed wood, leg. E. Martini, 6.XII.1986 (em-743) — Gordevio, Saleggio, on bark of a lying, hard trunk of *Pinus sylvestris*, leg. E. Martini, 11.X.1992 (em-3254) — Losone, Maia, on wood of a lying, strongly decayed branch of a deciduous tree, leg. E. Martini, 7.III.1987 (em-917) — Malvaglia, Piantagione, on wood of a lying, decayed stump of a coniferous tree, leg. E. Zenone, 4.XI.1993 (em-3667) — Mogno, Bosco di Casa Nuova, on bark of a lying, rather hard branch of *Larix decidua*, leg. E. Martini, 21.VII.2004 (em-8398) — Olivone, Campra, Cass, on bark of a lying, hard trunk of *Picea abies*, leg. E. Martini, 3.VI.1990 (em-2905) — Ritorto, Dréom (Valle Bavona), on wood of a lying, hard trunk of *Tilia cordata*, leg. E. Martini, 21.IV.1990 (em-2550)

## Materials and methods

Specimens sampling and methodological details are described separately in this issue:  
Excerpts from *Crusts & Jells*, n° 0



Fig. 1: Basidiome [em-8398]

## References

- [1] ERIKSSON, J., HJORTSTAM, K. AND RYVARDEN, L. (1981). *The Corticiaceae of North Europe, vol. 6: Phlebia - Sarcodontia*. Oslo, pp. 1051–1276
- [2] JÜLICH, W. (1968). ‘Über die Gattungen *Piloderma* gen. nov. und *Subulicystidium* Parm’. *Berichte der Deutschen Botanischen Gesellschaft*, 81: 414–421
- [3] LARSEN, M.J., SMITH, J.E. AND MCKAY, D. (1997). ‘On *Piloderma bicolor* and the closely related *P. byssinum*, *P. croceum*, and *P. fallax*’. *Mycotaxon*, 63: 1–8. URL: <http://www.cybertruffle.org.uk/cyberliber/59575/index.htm>
- [4] LIBERT, M.-A. (1830). *Plantae Cryptogamae, quas in Arduenna collegit*. Leodii
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- [6] PECK, C.H. (1873). ‘V. Description on new species of fungi. Hymenomycetes’. *Bulletin of the Buffalo Society of Natural Sciences*, 1 (2): 41–72
- [7] RAIDL, S. (1997). ‘Studien zur Ontogenie an Rhizomorphen von Ektomykorrhizen’. *Bibliotheca Mycologica*, 169: 1–183
- [8] STALPERS, J.A. (1984). ‘A revision of the genus *Sporotrichum*’. *Studies in Mycology*, 24: 1–105



Fig. 2: Basidiome. Image width = 60 mm [em-10948]



Fig. 3: Basidiome with rhizomorphs. Image width = 9 mm [em-11834]

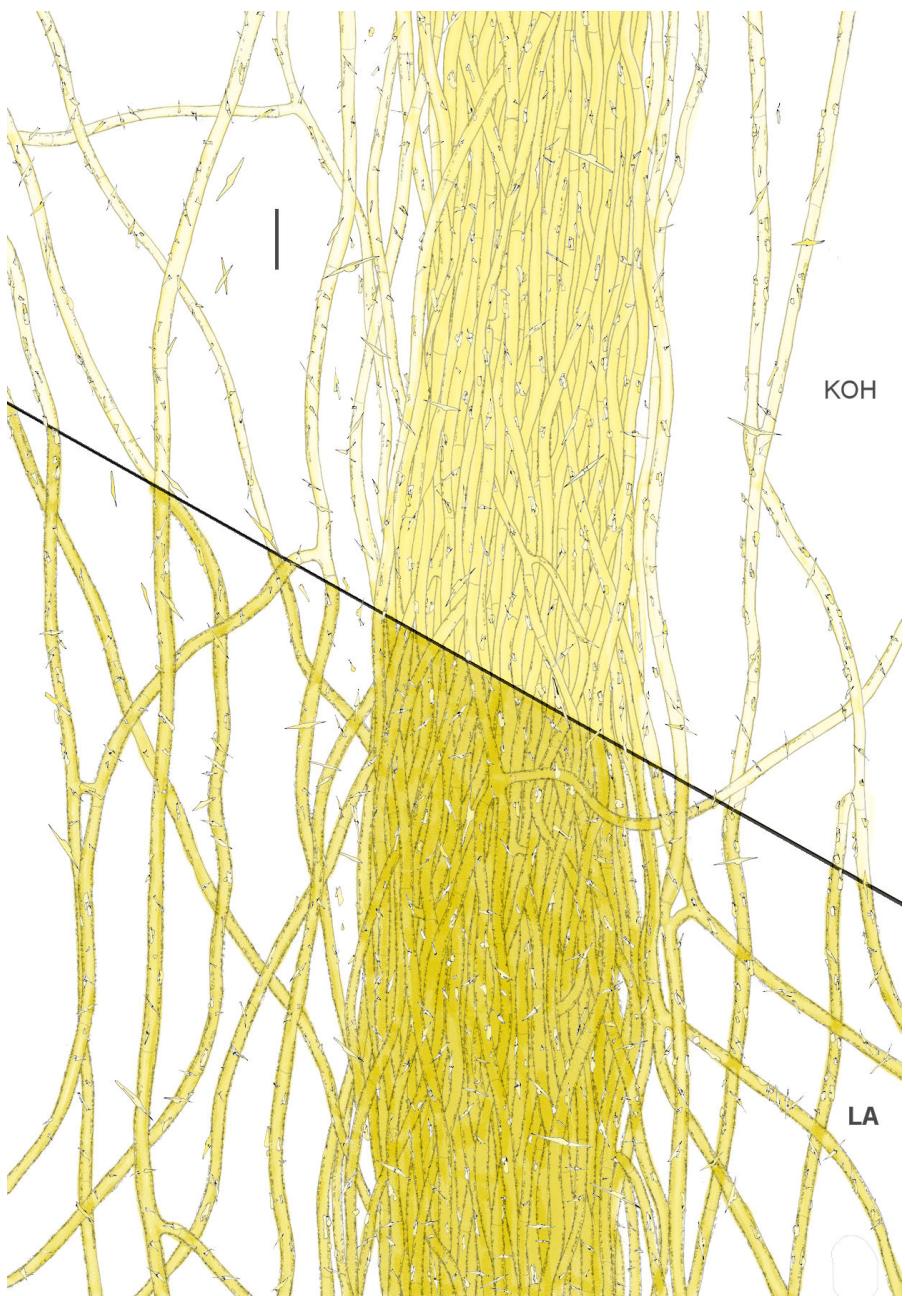


Fig. 4: Rhizomorphs. Bar = 10  $\mu\text{m}$  [em-2550]

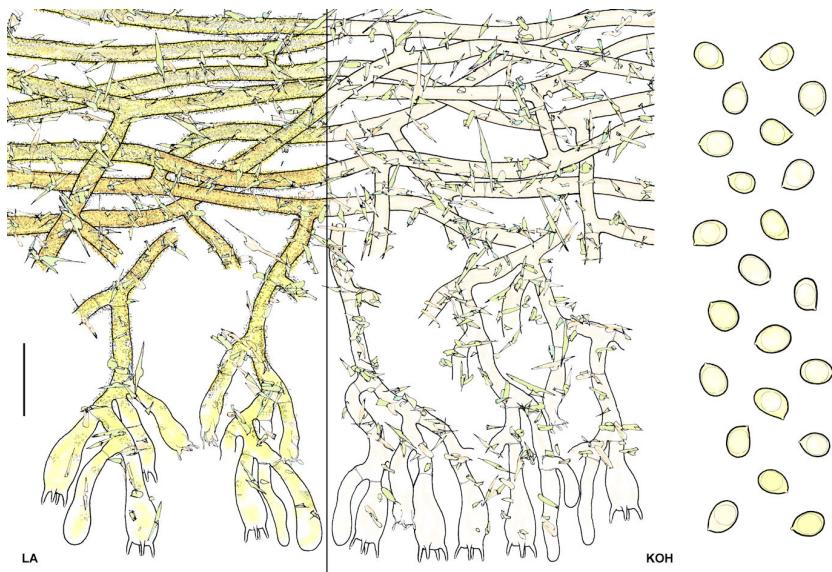


Fig. 5: Basidia, subhymenial and subicular hyphae, basidiospores (in KOH). Bar = 10  $\mu\text{m}$  [em-3254]



# Excerpts from *Crusts & Gels*

Descriptions and reports of resupinate Aphyllophorales and Heterobasidiomycetes

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